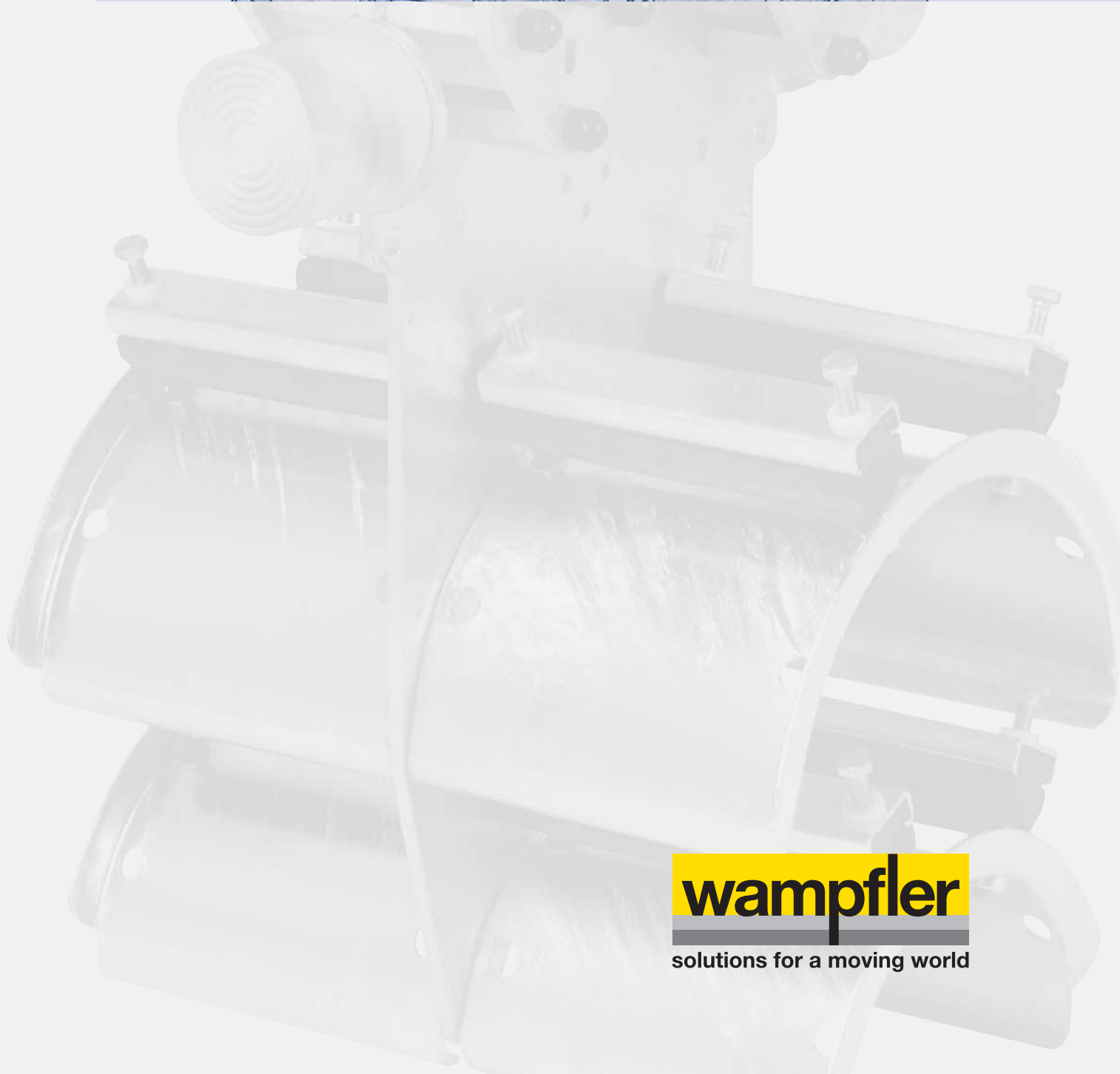


# Engineering Guideline Festoon Systems for I-beams





# Wampfler expertise in Heavy Duty Cable Trolleys

Solutions for a moving world: Whenever objects or people are in motion, Wampfler can provide customized solutions for flexible energy, data and media transmission.

Wampfler stands out for their many years of experience and wide know-how in the development and manufacturing of festoon systems.

These trolleys carry flat and round cables for the transmission of electrical energy and data as well as hoses for the transmission of liquids, air or gases.

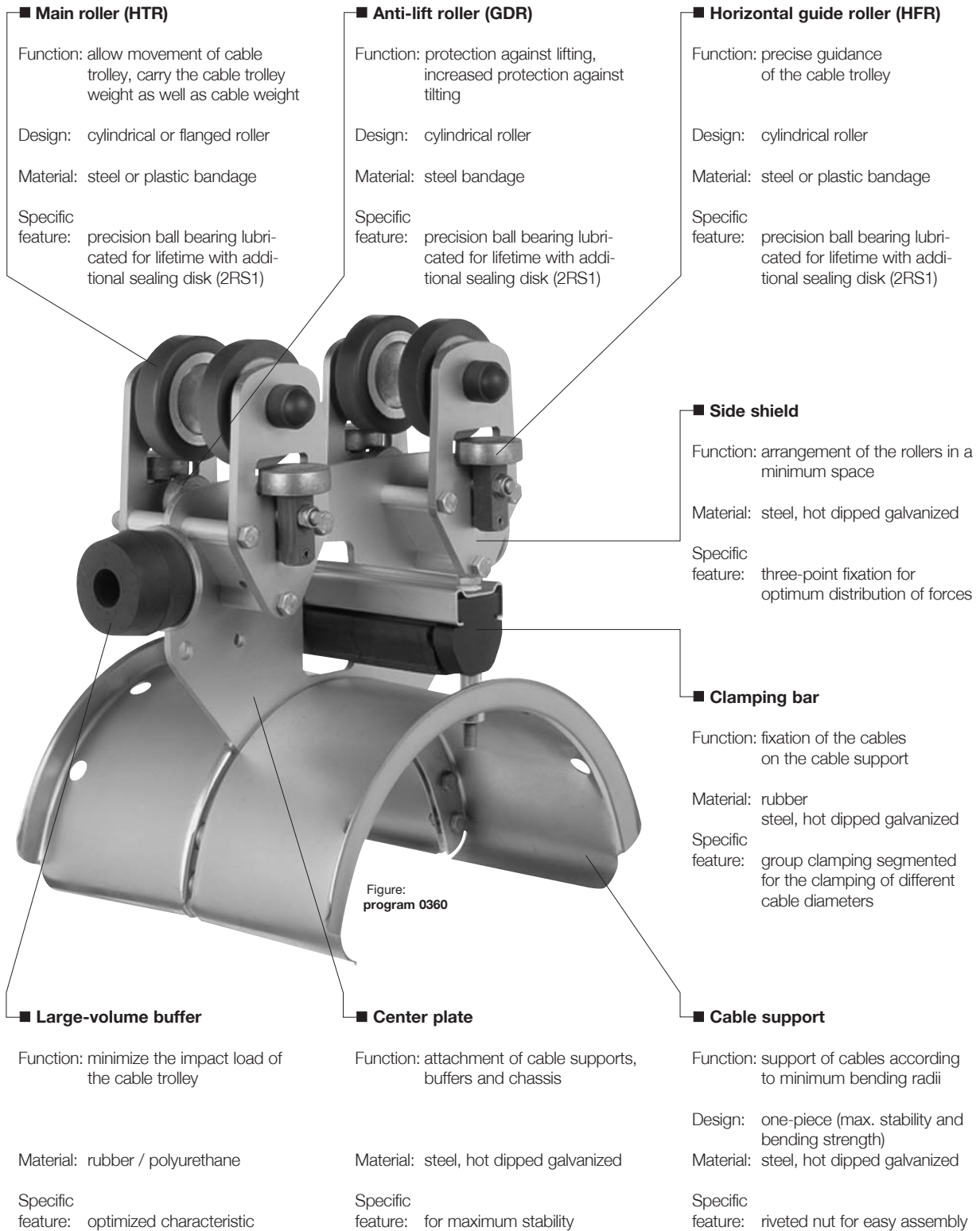
Wampfler festoon systems are used in various applications all over the world, among others in steel works, ports, galvanizing and composting plants.

This engineering guideline will assist you with the layout of non-motorized systems. It provides the basic data for the layout and calculation of festoon systems.

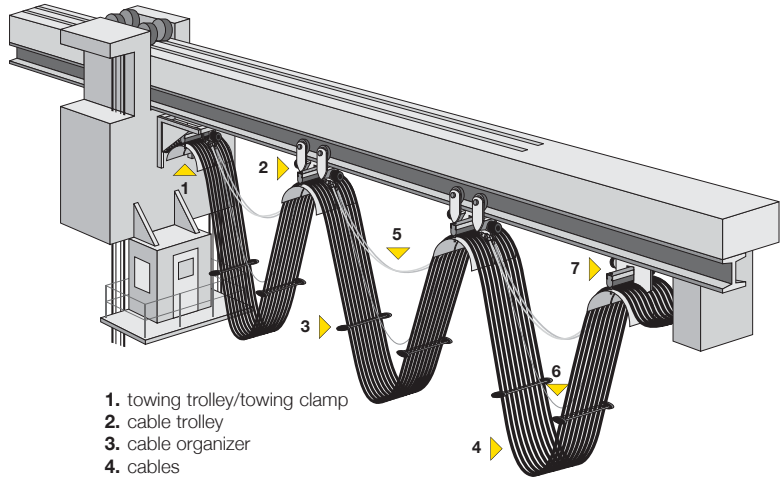
## Structure and Content

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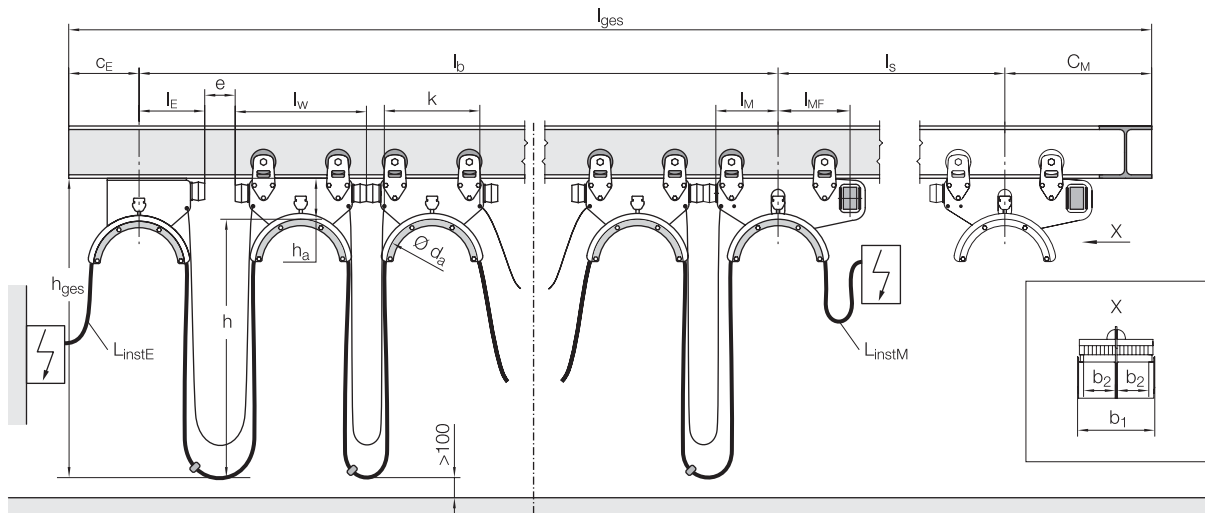
# Typical Components of a Cable Trolley for I-beams



# System illustration

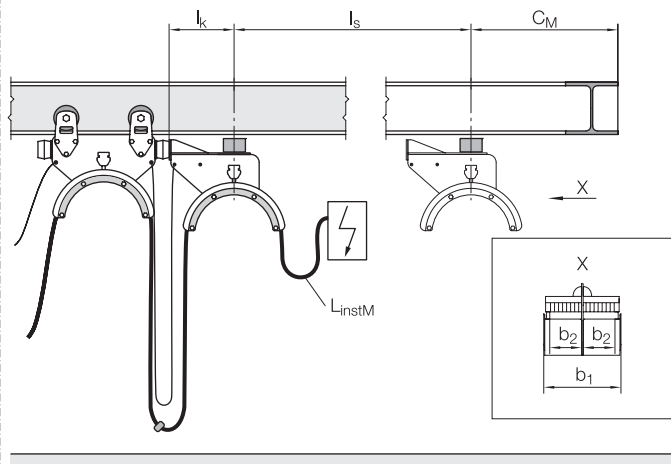


1. towing trolley/towing clamp
2. cable trolley
3. cable organizer
4. cables
5. damping device
6. towing rope
7. end clamp



System with towing trolley

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| $b_1$       | cable trolley width   |
| $b_2$       | max. permissible clamping width   |
| $C_E$       | beam clearance end clamp side   |
| $C_M$       | beam clearance towing side  |
| $d_a$       | support diameter  |
| $e$         | free space within storage distance  |
| $h$         | cable loop depth  |
| $h_a$       | cable trolley height from lower edge of beam to upper edge of cable support |
| $h_{ges}$   | cable loop depth from lower edge of beam to loop bottom                     |
| $k$         | drill hole distance for towing rope fixation                                |
| $l_b$       | storage distance including free space (e)                                   |
| $l_E$       | end clamp length  |
| $l_{ges}$   | track beam length   |
| $L_{instE}$ | installation length end clamp side  |
| $L_{instM}$ | installation length towing side   |
| $l_K$       | towing clamp length   |
| $l_M$       | towing trolley length   |
| $l_{MF}$    | distance from middle of towing trolley to middle of towing window           |
| $l_s$       | active travel (e.g. main trolley or crane travel)                           |
| $l_w$       | cable trolley length  |



System with towing clamp

# Layout Step 1

## Cable selection and arrangement

### The first step to layout a festoon system is

- Preparation of a list of required cables and their cross sections.
- Selection of the appropriate type of cable (flat or round cable) and of the required quality for the respective application (PVC or Neoprene cable) from our cable program

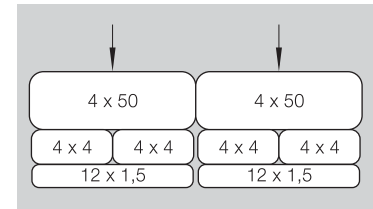
Prior to making a selection of the required cable trolleys it is important to follow the details listed on the right for the layout of the cable package:

### ■ Arrangement of flat cables on the cable support

The flat cable package must be piled in such a way that all cables are clamped compact on the cable supports and cannot slip.

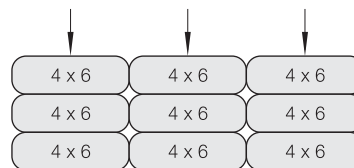
The cable package height in relation to the width shall not be too high, since otherwise the cable package will be unstable and individual, especially smaller cables, will not be clamped sufficient any more.

The thicker energy cables (e.g. 4x50) shall be placed on top of the cable package. This will assure good heat dissipation and proper clamping of the smaller cables.

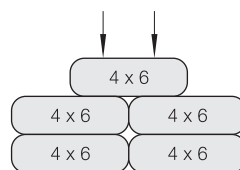


Occurring tractive forces during the movements can partly be absorbed by these cables.

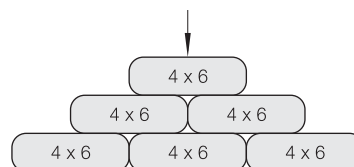
Whenever possible wider cables should be used instead of multiple smaller cables, e.g.:  
1 piece 12 x 1.5 instead of 3 pieces 4 x 1.5



**very good - 100 % clamping**

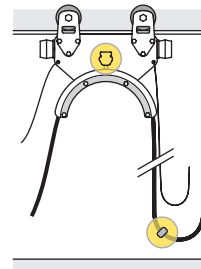


**good - 50 % clamping**



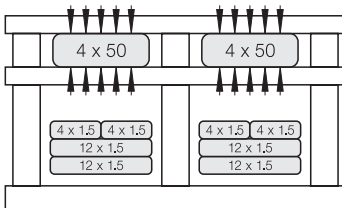
**bad**





**Arrangement of flat cables within the cable organizer**

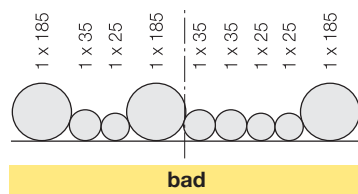
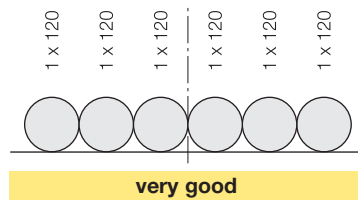
Cable organizers are used to hold together the cable package in the cable loop. The thicker energy cables (e.g. 4x50) are clamped in the upper window, all the other cables are guided in the lower window and can move freely. The arrangement of the cable package must be suitable to fit into the respective clamping window.



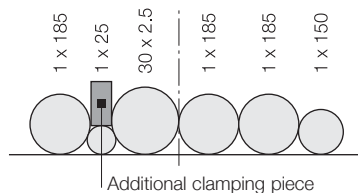
Clamping of screened cables shall be avoided.

**Arrangement of round cables on the cable support**

The diameters of the round cables shall not vary too much in order to allow proper clamping on the cable supports.



If deviations in diameters of adjacent cables are more than 15 mm use additional clamping pieces for a proper clamping.

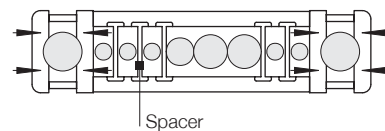


**Arrangement of round cables within the cable organizer**

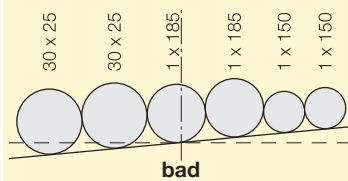
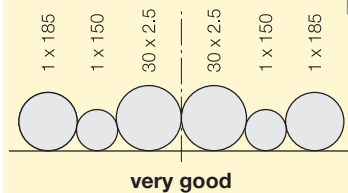
Cable organizers are used to hold together the cable package in the cable loop. The outer cables are clamped, all the other cables are guided in the inner window and can move freely.

Unscreened energy cables with larger copper cross sections should be favored for the outer cables (e.g. 1x120 or 4x25).

Additional spacers can be installed in the cable organizer to avoid overlapping of cables in case of larger differences in diameter.



**Applies for all cables:**  
Observe balance of torque.



# Layout Step 2

## Selection of the cable trolley program

### 1 ■ Determination of the cable trolley load ( $F_{LW}$ )

The second step for the calculation starts with the approximate determination of the cable trolley load ( $F_{LW}$ ).

$$F_{LW} = 2 \times h \times G_L$$

$F_{LW}$  = cable trolley load in kg  
 $h$  = cable loop depth in m  
 $G_L$  = cable package weight in kg/m

### 2 ■ Selection of the main roller size

With the determined cable trolley load  $F_{LW}$  the required main roller size can be defined from the following table. First of all the material of the main roller has to be selected:

| Specification                            | Material   |
|--|--|
| standard                                 | rollers made of hardened <b>steel</b>  |
| for low noise emission and low beam wear | rollers with plastic bandages made of a Polyurethane-Elastomer <b>Vulkollan®</b> |
| for tropical or subtropical climate      | rollers with hydrolysis resistant plastic bandages, e.g. <b>Adiprene®</b>        |

| Main rollers with steel bandages | Travel speed $v$ in m/min                     |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |
|----------------------------------|---|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|                                  | up to 63                                      | 80   | 100  | 125  | 160 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| $\emptyset$ in mm                | Permissible cable trolley load $F_{LW}$ in kg |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |
| 40                               | 40  | 36   | 32   |      |     |     |     |     |
| 50                               | 75  | 68   | 60   | 51   |     |     |     |     |
| 63                               | 125   | 110  | 95   | 85   | 75  |     |     |     |
| 80                               | 220   | 190  | 162  | 142  | 125 | 110 |     |     |
| 100                              | 355   | 305  | 265  | 230  | 200 | 185 | 160 |     |
| 125                              | 590   | 550  | 500  | 450  | 410 | 380 | 350 | 310 |
| 160                              | 1150  | 1090 | 1050 | 1015 | 990 | 970 | 950 | 925 |

Operating time : ~16h / day  
 Ambient temperature : -30°C ... +80 °C

#### \*Reduction factors for main rollers with **Vulkollan®** or **Adiprene®** bandages

In case of higher ambient temperatures, depending on the trolley load, you may have to choose a higher roller diameter for **Vulkollan®** and **Adiprene®** rollers, since the permissible cable trolley load  $F_{LW}$  is, depending on the ambient temperature, reduced by the following factors:

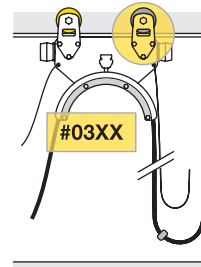
| Ambient temperature | Reduction factor |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 40°C ... 50°C       | <b>0.90</b>      |
| 50°C ... 60°C       | <b>0.80</b>      |
| 60°C ... 70°C       | <b>0.65</b>      |

| Main rollers with <b>Vulkollan®</b> bandages | Travel speed $v$ in m/min                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|--|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|  | up to 63                                      | 80  | 100 | 125 | 160 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| $\emptyset$ in mm                            | Permissible cable trolley load $F_{LW}$ in kg |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 40   | 32  | 29  | 26  |     |     |     |     |     |
| 50   | 60  | 53  | 47  | 42  |     |     |     |     |
| 63   | 110   | 98  | 90  | 80  | 70  |     |     |     |
| 80   | 195   | 170 | 155 | 135 | 115 | 100 |     |     |
| 100  | 325   | 280 | 250 | 215 | 185 | 165 | 150 |     |
| 112  | 430   | 395 | 360 | 330 | 305 | 275 | 250 | 210 |
| 125  | 540   | 515 | 460 | 410 | 380 | 350 | 320 | 290 |
| 160  | 1020  | 975 | 940 | 915 | 890 | 870 | 850 | 825 |

Main rollers with **Adiprene®** bandages  
 $F_{LW} = F_{LW \text{ Vulkollan®}} \times 0,8$

Operating time : ~16h / day  
 Ambient temperature : -30°C ... +40 °C





### 3 ■ Determination of the cable trolley program

With the size of the main roller  
 - the suitable cable trolley **program** and  
 - the **possible chassis types for this program**  
 can be defined from the following table:

| Main rollers<br>Ø in mm | V <sub>max</sub><br>in m/min | type of cable | program | Possible chassis types |                       |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|
|                         |                              |               |         | parallel flange        | tapered flange        |
|                         |                              |               |         | track beam             |                       |
|                         |                              |               |         |                        |                       |
| 40                      | 50                           | flat/round    | 0314    | S                      | S                     |
| 40                      | 75                           | flat          | 0315    | -                      | H                     |
| 40                      | 100                          | flat/round    | 0320    | S, SG                  | H, HG, S, SG          |
| 50                      | 120                          | flat/round    | 0325    | S, SG                  | H, HG, S, SG          |
| 63                      | 150                          | flat/round    | 0330    | S, SG                  | H, HG, S, SG          |
| 50/63/80/100            | 160                          | flat          | 0350    | HF, HFG, S, SG         | H, HG, HF, HFG, S, SG |
| 50/63/80/100/112/125    | 160                          | round         | 0360    | HF, HFG, S, SG         | H, HG, HF, HFG, S, SG |
| 100/112/125             | 180                          | round         | 0364    | HFG                    | HFG                   |
| 112/125                 | 300                          | round         | 0365    | HMG, HMP               | HMG, HMP              |
| 125                     | 210                          | flat          | 0370    | HMG, HMP               | HMG, HMP              |
| 125/160                 | 300                          | round         | 0375    | HMG, HMP               | HMG, HMP              |
| 125/160                 | 300                          | round         | 0380    | HMG, HMP               | -                     |
| 160                     | 300                          | round         | 0385    | HMG, HMP               | -                     |

Chassis type overview see next page >>>

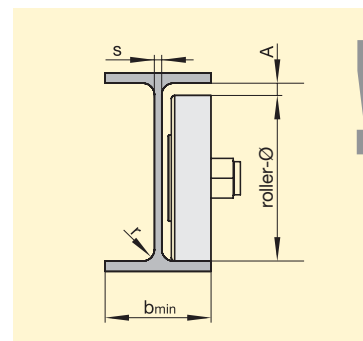
■ ■ motorized systems are used  
 for the fields highlighted in gray  
 – Please contact us –

### ■ Minimum beam dimension

The following beam dimensions are necessary due to the installation space required by the chassis in the beam:

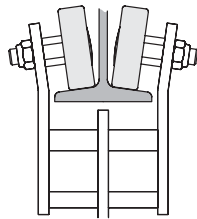
**Air gap A** (between main roller and beam flange) = min. 10 mm

$$\text{Minimum beam width } b_{\min} \text{ in mm} = 2 \times \left( \frac{\text{roller-}\varnothing}{4} + r \right) + s + 10$$



## 4 ■ Selection of the chassis type

Type  
**H**



- For simple applications with low lateral forces
- Not suitable for towing trolley

### Chassis with cylindrical main rollers

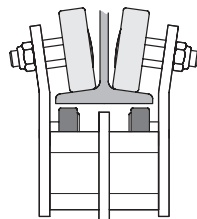
guidance of the chassis at the radius of the beam web

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple |  | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    |  | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    |  | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   |  | low     |

#### Standard application data

|                      |                |
|----------------------|----------------|
| I-beam               | tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 100 mm         |
| travel speed         | < 120 m/min    |
| main roller material | steel, plastic |

Type  
**HG**



- For simple applications with low to medium lateral forces and tilting torques
- Suitable for towing trolleys

### Chassis with cylindrical main rollers and anti-lift rollers

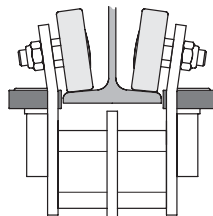
guidance of the chassis at the radius of the beam web

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple |  | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    |  | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    |  | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   |  | low     |

#### Standard application data

|                      |                |
|----------------------|----------------|
| I-beam               | tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 100 mm         |
| travel speed         | < 120 m/min    |
| main roller material | steel, plastic |

Type  
**HF**



- For applications with low to medium lateral forces
- Not suitable for towing trolley

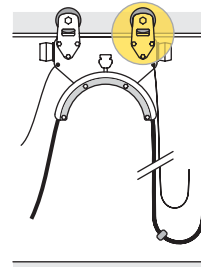
### Chassis with cylindrical main rollers and horizontal guide rollers

guidance of the chassis at the beam flange

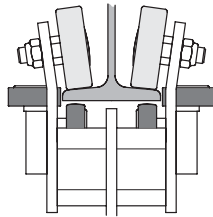
|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple |  | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    |  | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    |  | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   |  | low     |

#### Standard application data

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| I-beam               | parallel/tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 140 mm                  |
| travel speed         | < 150 m/min             |
| main roller material | steel, plastic          |



Type  
**HFG**



- For applications with medium to high lateral forces and tilting torques
- Suitable for towing trolleys

**Chassis with cylindrical main rollers with horizontal guide rollers and anti-lift rollers**

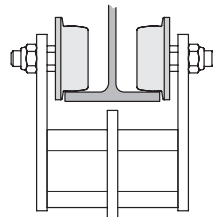
guidance of the chassis at the beam flange

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple | <div style="width: 50%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | low     |

**Standard application data**

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| I-beam               | parallel/tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 140 mm                  |
| travel speed         | < 180 m/min             |
| main roller material | steel, plastic          |

Type  
**S**



- For applications with low to medium lateral forces
- Not suitable for towing trolleys

**Chassis with flanged main rollers**

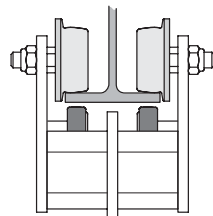
guidance of the chassis at the beam flange

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple | <div style="width: 50%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | low     |

**Standard application data**

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| I-beam               | parallel/tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 140 mm                  |
| travel speed         | < 80 m/min              |
| main roller material | steel                   |

Type  
**SG**



- For applications with low to medium lateral forces and tilting torques
- Suitable for towing trolleys

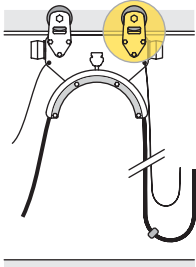
**Chassis with flanged main rollers and anti-lift rollers**

guidance of the chassis at the beam flange

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple | <div style="width: 50%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   | <div style="width: 10%; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div> | low     |

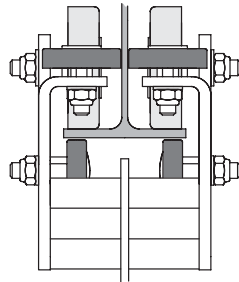
**Standard application data**

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| I-beam               | parallel/tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 140 mm                  |
| travel speed         | < 80 m/min              |
| main roller material | steel                   |



#### 4 ■ Selection of the chassis type

Type  
HMG



- For applications under very difficult conditions (e.g. STS container cranes)
- Suitable for towing trolleys

#### Chassis with cylindrical main rollers with horizontal guide rollers at the beam center web and anti-lift rollers

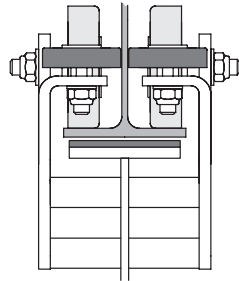
guidance of the chassis at the beam center web

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple | <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 50%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div>  | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   | <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> | low     |

#### Standard application data

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| I-beam               | parallel/tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 200 mm                  |
| travel speed         | < 300 m/min             |
| main roller material | plastic                 |

Type  
HMP



- For applications with motorized cable trolleys and heavy cable packages
- Suitable for towing trolleys

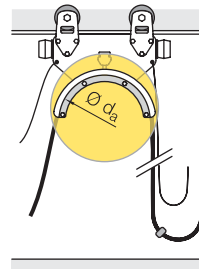
#### Chassis with cylindrical main rollers with horizontal guide rollers at the beam center web and anti-lift plate

guidance of the chassis at the beam center web

|                                   |        |  |         |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| <b>guidance of the chassis</b>    | simple | <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> | optimal |
| <b>protection against tilting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> | high    |
| <b>protection against lifting</b> | low    | <div style="width: 50%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div>  | high    |
| <b>wear of beam/rollers</b>       | high   | <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> | low     |

#### Standard application data

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| I-beam               | parallel/tapered flange |
| beam width max.      | 200 mm                  |
| travel speed         | < 300 m/min             |
| main roller material | plastic                 |



## 5 ■ Determination of the cable support diameter

For the determination of the cable trolley size the required cable support diameter  $d_a$  is to choose. This must correspond with the cables being installed.

The smallest permissible cable support diameter  $d_a$  is determined on the basis of the largest cables:

|                              | thickness of flat cable<br>$S_{FL} \leq 12,5 \text{ mm}$ | thickness of flat cable<br>$S_{FL} \geq 12,5 \text{ mm}$ | outer diameter of round cable<br>$d_{RL} = \text{outer diameter}$ |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| min support-Ø<br>$d_a$ in mm | $8 \times S_{FL}$  | $10 \times S_{FL}$                                       | $10 \times d_{RL}$  |

Example of calculation  
flat cable:

**The thickness of the largest flat cable is 13 mm**

Accordingly the minimum support diameter is:  
 $d_a = 10 \times 13 \text{ mm} = 130 \text{ mm}$

Example of calculation  
round cable:

**The outer diameter of the largest round cable is 20 mm**

Accordingly the minimum support diameter is:  
 $d_a = 10 \times 20 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm}$

# Layout Step 3

## Calculation of the system

### 1 ■ Determination of the number of loops

For the determination of the number of loops it is required to define the cable loop depth **h** and choose the additional cable length factor **f** from the table below.

$$n = \frac{f \times (l_s + e)}{2 \times h + 1,25 \times d_a - f \times l_w}$$

- n = number of loops
- l<sub>s</sub> = active travel in m
- f = additional cable length factor (see table below)
- h = cable loop depth in m
- d<sub>a</sub> = support diameter in m
- l<sub>w</sub> = cable trolley length in m
- e = free space in storage distance (recommendation ≥ 0.5 m)

**n** determines the number of required cable trolleys:  
**Number of cable trolleys = n-1**

### 2 ■ Determination of the required storage distance from middle of end clamp to middle of towing trolley

For further calculations round up the number of loops.

$$l_b = (n-1) \times l_w + l_E + l_M + e$$

- l<sub>b</sub> = storage distance from middle of end clamp to middle of towing trolley in m
- n = number of loops
- l<sub>w</sub> = length of cable trolley in m
- l<sub>E</sub> = length of end clamp in m
- l<sub>M</sub> = length of towing trolley/towing clamp in m
- e = free space in storage distance (recommendation ≥ 0.5 m)

### 3 ■ Determination of the cable system length from middle of end clamp to middle of towing trolley and of the order length of the cable

$$L_{Syst} = f \times (l_s + l_b)$$

$$L_{Best} = L_{Syst} + L_{instE} + L_{instM}$$

- L<sub>Syst</sub> = required cable system length from middle of end clamp to middle of towing trolley/towing clamp in m
- f = additional cable length factor
- l<sub>s</sub> = active travel in m
- l<sub>b</sub> = storage distance in m
- L<sub>instE</sub> = installation length end clamp side in m
- L<sub>instM</sub> = installation length towing side in m
- L<sub>Best</sub> = cable order length inclusive installation length in m

### ■ Determination of the additional cable length factor f

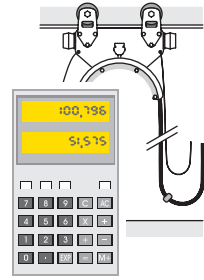
| additional length factor f             | cable loop depth h in m |           |           |           |           |           |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|  | < 0,8                   | 0,8 - 1,2 | 1,3 - 2,0 | 2,1 - 3,2 | 3,3 - 5,0 | 5,1 - 8,0 |
| travel speed v <sub>max</sub> in m/min |                         |           |           |           |           |           |
| 32                                     | 1,10                    | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      |
| 33 - 40                                | 1,15                    | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      |
| 41 - 50                                | 1,20                    | 1,15      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      |
| 51 - 63                                | 1,25                    | 1,20      | 1,15      | 1,10      | 1,10      | 1,10      |
| 64 - 80                                |                         | 1,25      | 1,20      | 1,15      | 1,10      | 1,10      |
| 81 - 100                               |                         |           | 1,25      | 1,20      | 1,15      | 1,10      |
| 101 - 125                              |                         |           |           | 1,25      | 1,20      | 1,15      |
| 126 - 160                              |                         |           |           | 1,25      | 1,25      | 1,20      |
| 161 - 200                              |                         |           |           | 1,25      | 1,25      | 1,25      |
| 201 - 250                              |                         |           |           | 1,25      | 1,25      | 1,25      |
| 251 - 300                              |                         |           |           | 1,25      | 1,25      | 1,25      |

■ For the fields highlighted in yellow we recommend the use of damping devices or motorized systems to stabilize the cable loops.

– Please contact us –

■ For the fields highlighted in gray motorized systems will be used.

– Please contact us –



**4 ■ Determination of the actual cable loop**

**5 ■ Dimensioning of the towing rope lengths**

**6 ■ Selection of the damping device**

$$h = \frac{L_{\text{Syst}}}{2xn} - (0,63 \times d_A)$$

$$L_{\text{Zug}} = 0,95 \times \frac{L_{\text{Syst}}}{n} - (k+0,084)$$

$$L_{\text{Gum}} = \frac{L_{\text{Zug}}}{1,5}$$

h = cable loop depth  
 $L_{\text{Syst}}$  = required cable system length measured from middle of end clamp to middle of towing trolley or towing clamp in m  
 $d_a$  = support diameter in m  
 n = number of loops

For travel speeds higher than 50 m/min we recommend the use of towing ropes.

Please take the dimension **k** for the towing rope fixation from the respective cable trolley program.

$L_{\text{Gum}}$  = shock cord length in m  
 $L_{\text{Zug}}$  = towing rope length in m

The selection of the correct damping device (quantity and diameter of the shock cords) depends on various factors of the respective application. **!**

– Please contact us –



# Symbols and units

|                          |            |   |
|--------------------------|------------|---|
| <b>b<sub>1</sub></b>     | mm         | cable trolley width   |
| <b>b<sub>2</sub></b>     | mm         | max. permissible clamping width   |
| <b>c<sub>E</sub></b>     | m, mm      | beam clearance end clamp side   |
| <b>c<sub>M</sub></b>     | m, mm      | beam clearance towing side  |
| <b>d<sub>a</sub></b>     | mm         | support diameter  |
| <b>d<sub>RL</sub></b>    | mm         | outer diameter round cable  |
| <b>e</b>                 | m, mm      | free space within the storage distance                                      |
| <b>f</b>                 |            | additional cable factor length  |
| <b>F<sub>LW</sub></b>    | kg         | cable trolley load  |
| <b>G<sub>L</sub></b>     | kg/m       | cable package weight  |
| <b>h</b>                 | m, mm      | cable loop depth  |
| <b>h<sub>a</sub></b>     | m, mm      | cable trolley height from lower edge of beam to upper edge of cable support |
| <b>h<sub>ges</sub></b>   | m          | cable loop depth from lower edge of beam to loop bottom                     |
| <b>k</b>                 | m, mm      | drill hole distance for towing rope fixation                                |
| <b>l<sub>b</sub></b>     | m          | cable trolley storage including free space (e)                              |
| <b>L<sub>Best</sub></b>  | m          | cable order length  |
| <b>l<sub>E</sub></b>     | m, mm      | end clamp length  |
| <b>l<sub>ges</sub></b>   | m          | track beam length   |
| <b>L<sub>Gum</sub></b>   | m          | shock cord length   |
| <b>L<sub>instE</sub></b> | m          | installation length end clamp side  |
| <b>L<sub>instM</sub></b> | m          | installation length towing side   |
| <b>l<sub>K</sub></b>     | m, mm      | towing clamp length   |
| <b>l<sub>M</sub></b>     | m, mm      | towing trolley length   |
| <b>l<sub>MF</sub></b>    | m, mm      | distance from middle of towing trolley to middle of towing window           |
| <b>l<sub>s</sub></b>     | m          | active travel (e.g. main trolley or crane travel)                           |
| <b>L<sub>Syst</sub></b>  | m          | cable system length   |
| <b>l<sub>w</sub></b>     | m, mm      | cable trolley length  |
| <b>L<sub>Zug</sub></b>   | m          | towing rope length  |
| <b>n</b>                 |            | number of loops   |
| <b>s</b>                 | mm         | clamping height at the cable trolley  |
| <b>s<sub>FL</sub></b>    | mm         | thickness of flat cable   |
| <b>v</b>                 | m/s, m/min | travel speed  |

# Your Applications - our Solutions

Festoon systems by Wampfler are but one component of the wide range of the Wampfler energy, data and media supply systems. The right solution for your application always ensues from the wholly specific application at hand.

And many times, it is precisely the combination of several Wampfler systems that will render very convincing benefits. You can find consulting and engineering competence in our companies and subsidiaries worldwide - just like our solutions!



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It's hard to imagine Wampfler cable trolleys not being used in virtually every industrial application: They're reliable and robust in an enormous variety of dimensions and designs.



## Cable reels

Motorized reels and spring cable reels by Wampfler hold their own wherever energy, data and media have to cover the most diverse distances within a short amount of time - in all directions, fast and safe.



## Slip ring bodies

Whenever things are really moving "in circles", the proven slip ring bodies by Wampfler ensure the flawless transfer of energy and data. Here, everything revolves around flexibility and reliability!



## Conductor rails

Whether they're enclosed conductor rails or expandable single-pole systems, the proven conductor rails by Wampfler reliably move people and material.



## Energy guiding chains

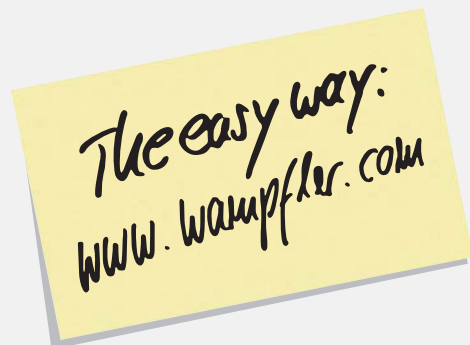
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